



Parkwood Trust Incorporated

Financial Report

For the year ended 31 January 2026



Statement of Service Performance For the year ended 31 January 2026

Parkwood Trust Inc (the “Trust”) is a charitable Trust, incorporated under the Charitable Trust Act 1957 and registered as charitable entity under the Charities Act 2005. The Trust began operating as a retirement village in Waikanae in 1971 and now includes the retirement village with 207 independent living villas and Parkwood Lodge, a 54 apartment rest home and 25 bed continuing care hospital.

Description of the Trust’s Outcomes

The Trust aims to provide low density housing at an affordable ongoing cost, in a quality environment for mature people 65 years and over.

1. To provide affordable high quality retirement housing and aged care facilities

The Trust provides a range of retirement/aged care accommodation and services to ensure that we can meet a variety of housing needs of the aged community.

2. To maintain an affordable ongoing cost for village services

The Trust aims to ensure that village fees are affordable for a resident who is living on NZ superannuation. To do this we will:

- aim to maintain a monthly village fee increase of no more than the increase in NZ superannuation rates.
- provide loans to cover monthly village fees for residents where they are in hardship.

3. Quality of Life

The Trust aims to provide a high-quality community, via the provision of wellbeing activities, village care and gardening/maintenance services. To do this we will:

- provide staff to facilitate the organisation and attendance of residents at community outings/events.
- provide support and care for residents living independently in the village through the village care team.
- provide maintenance and gardening services to maintain village grounds and gardens, buildings, villas and the Lodge.



Statement of Service Performance For the year ended 31 January 2026

Description of the Trust's Outputs

Notes	2026	2025
1. Retirement housing		
Retirement village villas		
1 bedroom villas	22	22
2+ bedroom villas	185	185
Total villas	207	207
Number of village residents	262	252
Parkwood Lodge		
Rest home apartments	54	54
Hospital studios	25	25
Number of Lodge residents	77	82
2. Village fees		
Percentage increase in monthly village fee (as at 1 May)	14.0%	7.1%
<i>Increase in New Zealand Superannuation rates for single superannuitants living alone increased by 4.8% on 1 April 2024 and 3.4% on 1 April 2025.</i>		
<i>Following a review of Village fees and operating expenses, the 2026 fee increase of 14% was significantly higher than the increase to New Zealand Superannuation. A fee increase of this size is considered a one off and the Trust continues to aim for future fee increases to be in line with the increase in New Zealand Superannuation.</i>		
Total amount of loans made to residents in relation to village fees	\$ 25,232	\$ 13,080
3. Quality of Life		
Parkwood Seekers		
Number of community outings/events	86	103
Village care		
Number of village care staff hours for the benefit of residents living independently in the village	5,219	5,308
Village maintenance and gardening services		
Number of maintenance staff hours provided for repairs and maintenance and upgrading of villas, the Lodge and village buildings.	6,192	6,524
Number of gardening staff hours provided for the upkeep of grounds and gardens in the village	7,538	7,760
Additional output measure		
Since 2005, the Trust has provided a scholarship (the Lloyd Parker Memorial Scholarship) to the Trust's staff for the purposes of furthering education in their own field of employment for the benefit of themselves, the operation of the Trust and ultimately to improve the level of care or service provided to residents. The Trust has contributed \$10,000 towards Lloyd Parker Memorial Scholarship for each of the 2025 and 2026 financial years.		



Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
For the year ended 31 January 2026

	Notes	2026 \$	2025 \$
Revenue	2	12,410,378	12,459,510
Other Income	3	-	870
Expenses			
Advertising and promotion		71,198	81,992
Audit fees and other services	4	48,800	65,023
Bank fees and finance costs		60,050	22,922
Computer expenses		25,850	27,481
Depreciation and amortisation	5	371,347	332,008
Food costs		444,473	434,068
General expenses		232,420	188,185
Insurance		406,442	376,138
Legal Fees		-	12,606
Medical expenses		214,640	190,047
Motor vehicle expenses		67,880	54,967
Power and gas		207,488	204,699
Printing and stationery		26,701	19,685
Local body rates		715,866	622,187
Repairs and maintenance		704,798	911,723
Residents Entertainment		12,000	12,000
Employee Costs	4	7,954,235	7,628,261
Statutory compliance		42,806	21,130
Telephone and tolls		11,104	9,583
Valuation fees		34,556	23,090
Total expenses		11,652,654	11,237,795
Surplus/(Deficit) from operating activities		757,724	1,222,585
Interest income		7,909	22,407
Net finance income		7,909	22,407
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year before fair value changes		765,633	1,244,992
Total fair value changes	10	2,413,947	2,257,890
Surplus for the year		3,179,580	3,502,882
Other comprehensive revenue and expense			
Gain / (Loss) on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	11	(36,334)	44,097
Increase / (Decrease) in licensees' interest on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	14	(126,115)	(221,500)
Total other comprehensive revenue and expense		(162,449)	(177,403)
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		3,017,131	3,325,479

The notes on pages 7 to 19 form an integral part of the financial statements.



Statement of Financial Position
As at 31 January 2026

	Note	2026 \$	2025 \$
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		734,903	583,845
Trade and other receivables	7	966,014	1,016,486
Prepayments	9	112,126	97,784
Total Current Assets		1,813,043	1,698,115
Non-Current Assets			
Other financial assets	8	1,567	1,567
Investment property	10	166,630,031	157,845,845
Property, plant and equipment	11	16,271,699	15,797,871
Intangible assets	12	11,579	3,856
Total Non-Current Assets		182,914,876	173,649,139
Total Assets		184,727,919	175,347,254
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	1,116,020	1,523,233
Licensees' interest liability	14	123,324,635	117,809,735
Provisions	15	640,601	585,954
Revenue received in advance - Site donations		2,962,485	2,746,500
Revenue received in advance - Retention fees		7,395,382	6,793,261
Total Current Liabilities		135,439,123	129,458,683
Non-Current Liabilities			
Term Loan	6	812,923	429,830
Total Non-Current		812,923	429,830
Total Liabilities		136,252,046	129,888,513
Accumulated Funds and Reserves			
Accumulated funds		44,947,999	41,502,279
Property revaluation reserve	16	3,527,874	3,690,323
Maintenance reserve	16	-	266,139
Total Accumulated Funds and Reserves		48,475,873	45,458,741
Total Liabilities, Accumulated Funds and Reserves		184,727,919	175,347,254

The notes on pages 7 to 19 form an integral part of the financial statements.

This financial report has been approved on 3 June 2026 on behalf of the Board of Trustees by:

Richard Campbell

Richard Campbell

Alastair Mansell

Alastair Mansell



Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
For the year ended 31 January 2026

	Accumulated Funds \$	Property Revaluation Reserve \$	Maintenance Reserve \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 February 2024	38,076,696	3,867,726	188,841	42,133,263
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	-	(177,403)	-	(177,403)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense	-	(177,403)	-	(177,403)
Surplus for the year	3,502,882	-	-	3,502,882
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense	3,502,882	(177,403)	-	3,325,479
Transfer (to)/from maintenance reserve	(77,298)	-	77,298	-
Balance at 31 January 2025	41,502,279	3,690,323	266,139	45,458,741

	Accumulated Funds \$	Property Revaluation Reserve \$	Maintenance Reserve \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 February 2025	41,502,279	3,690,323	266,139	45,458,741
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	-	(162,449)	-	(162,449)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense	-	(162,449)	-	(162,449)
Surplus for the year	3,179,580	-	-	3,179,580
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense	3,179,580	(162,449)	-	3,017,132
Transfer (to)/from maintenance reserve	266,139	-	(266,139)	-
Balance at 31 January 2026	44,947,999	3,527,874	-	48,475,873

The notes on pages 7 to 19 form an integral part of the financial statements.



Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended 31 January 2026

	Note	2026 \$	2025 \$
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Cash was provided from:			
Receipts from residents for care fees and village services		8,897,424	9,138,257
Net receipts for residents' loans - resales of licences to occupy		9,254,450	5,772,648
Receipts from donations		8,425	43,206
Interest received		8,763	22,407
		18,169,062	14,976,518
Cash was disbursed to:			
Payment to suppliers and employees		(11,560,855)	(10,845,736)
		(11,560,855)	(10,845,736)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		6,608,207	4,130,782
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Cash was provided from:			
Sale of property, plant and equipment		-	870
		-	870
Cash was disbursed to:			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,306,856)	(1,487,441)
Purchase of intangible assets		(9,376)	-
Payments for investment property:			
- construction of retirement villas		(5,336,180)	(3,919,911)
- refurbishment of retirement village		(176,175)	(55,038)
		(6,828,587)	(5,462,390)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities		(6,828,587)	(5,461,520)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Cash was provided from:			
Term Loan		420,170	429,830
		420,170	429,830
Cash was disbursed to:			
Term Loan		(48,732)	-
		(48,732)	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		371,438	429,830
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash Held		151,058	(900,908)
Cash at beginning of year		583,845	1,484,753
Cash at End of Year		734,903	583,845
Cash and cash equivalents comprises:			
Cash and cash equivalents		734,903	583,845
		734,903	583,845

The notes on pages 7 to 19 form an integral part of the financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 January 2026

Note 1 – Statement of Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Parkwood Trust Incorporated (the "Trust") is a charitable trust, incorporated under the Charitable Trusts Act 1957, and registered as a charitable entity under the Charities Act 2005 that operates a retirement village, rest home and geriatric hospital based in Waikanae, New Zealand.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with New Zealand Generally Accepted Accounting Practice ("NZ GAAP"). They comply with Public Benefit Entity Accounting Standards ("PBE standards") and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate that have been authorised for use by the External Reporting Board for Not-for-Profit entities. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Tier 2 PBE standards and disclosure concessions have been applied ("Reduced Disclosure Regime"), Parkwood Trust Incorporated is a public benefit not-for-profit entity and is eligible to apply Tier 2 PBE standards applicable to not-for-profit entities on the basis that it does not have public accountability and is not defined as large.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain non-current assets and liabilities. The reporting currency is New Zealand dollars which is the Trust's functional currency.

Critical judgement in applying the Trust's accounting policies

Classification of Properties

With the exception of Parkwood Lodge (the Trust's rest home and hospital) and the Trust Administration Office, all land and buildings are classified as Investment Properties.

Parkwood Lodge is classified as Property, Plant and Equipment due to the significant level of services provided to residents in Parkwood Lodge.

The Trust Administration Office is classified as Property, Plant and Equipment due to the significant level of administrative services being performed, which is the predominant use.

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The following material judgements and assumptions have been made in the preparation of the financial statements:

Investment properties: The fair value of the Trust's interest in investment properties has been determined by an independent qualified valuer using assumptions relating to future cash-flows arising from the investment properties and assumptions relating to future growth rates of retirement village licence to occupy agreement amounts, the average duration of residency of occupants and appropriate discount rates. The fair value of the Trust's interest in investment properties is subjective and changes to assumptions can have a significant impact on both profit and the fair value. Refer to note 10 for details on assumptions.

Licensees' interest liability: The licensees' interest liability has been revalued based on the gross market values of the properties less contractual retentions which are 10% prior to 1 July 2013, 15% from 1 July 2013 to 31 March 2017, 20% from 31 March 2017 to 31 August 2022 and 25% since 1 September 2022. This represents the actual share of the Licensees' interest in the properties.

Recognition of retention fees and site donations: Retention fees and site donations are recognised over the expected life of the occupancy, which is 9 years. (2025: 9 years)



Specific Accounting Policies

a. Revenue

1) Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Residents fees and charges: Resident fees are the charge to the residents of the rest home and hospital for accommodation and services, and the charge to village residents to cover the costs of running the village. They are recognised as revenue on an invoice basis, at the time of rendering the service.

Retention Fees: Retention fees are the proportion of the value of the sale of a Licence to Occupy that is retained by the Trust at the end of the occupancy period. Retention fee revenue is recognised over the expected life of the occupancy (9 years) and the receivable netted off against the licensees' interest liability.

Sales Margins: Sales margins represent the gain/loss made on the termination of a Licence to Occupy and the subsequent issue of a new Licence to Occupy and are recognised when received.

Site Donations: Site Donations received at the start of the residents' licence to occupy are deferred and recognised over the expected life of occupancy, which is 9 years.

External Maintenance Charges: External maintenance charges relate to cash received from the incoming resident for external maintenance necessary on a villa when a Licence to Occupy is sold.

2) Interest Income

Interest income on cash and short-term investments is calculated using the effective interest method.

3) Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions – Donations and Legacies

Donations and Legacies income is recorded when the money is received by the Trust.

b. Interest Expense

Interest payable on the bank overdraft and term loan is recognised as an expense using the effective interest method.

c. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in banks and investments in money market instruments, and outstanding bank overdrafts.

d. Financial Assets

Financial Assets are categorised as financial assets at amortised cost and are presented as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost: Trade receivables, loans, and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'financial assets at amortised costs'. Financial assets at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets: Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted. For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.



If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through surplus or deficit to the extent the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

e. **Licenses held for Transfer**

Licenses held for transfer are recognised once a licence agreement becomes unconditional. The receivable is recorded at its nominal value and collection terms are based on the specific terms of individual licence to occupy agreements.

f. **Investment Properties**

Investment properties include land and buildings (units) in Woodlands and Parklands including communal facilities (Plateau and Parklands Social Centres, Workshop, Croquet Pavilion, and Implement Shed), from which the Trust's primary sources of revenue are the site donation and retention fees earned from the issue of Licences to Occupy. Investment properties also include development land held for future retirement village development where the Trust intends to generate economic benefits through capital appreciation and/or future occupation right agreements, as well as construction in progress. Construction in progress comprises investment property that is being developed or constructed for future use as investment property.

Land and buildings (apartments and studios) associated with the resthome/hospital and the Trust Administration Office are classified within Property Plant and Equipment as these assets are held with the primary purpose of the provision of care services to the residents therein, or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties, including development land, are initially recorded at cost, then revalued on an annual basis by an independent valuer and adjusted for balances already recognised in the Statement of Financial Position. Any fair value change determined by the annual revaluation is reflected in the surplus or deficit. The valuation of investment property is grossed up for the cash flows relating to the licensees' interest liability recognised separately on the Statement of Financial Position and is determined as disclosed in note 10.

Construction in progress is measured at cost where fair value cannot be reliably determined.

Where an investment property is disposed of, the surplus or deficit recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense is the difference between the net sale price and the carrying value of the property. Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. Investment properties are not depreciated.

g. **Property, Plant and Equipment**

Property, Plant and Equipment are recorded at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value, with the exception of Parkwood Lodge (Land and Buildings) and the Trust Office land. The Lodge (Land and Buildings) and Trust Administration Office Land is stated at fair value and is revalued annually by Independent Registered Valuers on the market value method. Any increase determined by the annual revaluation is taken to the Revaluation Reserve, except when the increase is recognised in the Surplus/(Deficit) for the year to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same assets previously recognised in the Surplus/(Deficit) for the year. Any of the licensees' share of the capital gain from the revaluation of the Lodge subject to a Licence to Occupy are also included in the Licensees' interest liability. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued asset the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the asset revaluation reserve is transferred directly to accumulated funds.

Historical cost includes expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent expenditure is added to the carrying value of the asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Trust. All other repairs and maintenance expenditure are expensed as incurred.



All items of property, plant and equipment, except land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis at rates calculated to allocate their cost or revalued amount over their expected useful life and reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

Buildings	50 Years
Plant and Equipment	10 Years
Fixture and Fittings	10 Years
Motor Vehicles	5 Years
Computer Equipment	5 Years

h. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include software which has a finite life. Intangibles are recorded at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. Amortisation is charged on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life of 3 years. The estimated useful life and amortisation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

i. Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities include Trade Creditors and other payables, Licensees' Interests and Loans from Residents. All financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, on inception and then amortised cost.

j. Licensees' Interest Liability

The incoming contributions received from the commencement of a Licence to Occupy are recorded and treated as current liabilities. Any of the Licensees' share of capital gain from revaluations of assets subject to a Licence to Occupy are also included in this liability. On termination of their occupancy rights, the village winding up, or on the disposal of the land, the licensees are entitled to repayment of the incoming contribution less the retention fee which includes any gain or loss in capital. There is no obligation on the Trust to pay out the licensee after a Licence to Occupy has been terminated until a replacement licensee has purchased the licence.

Licences to Occupy confer the right to occupancy of a unit or apartment until such time as the residents' occupancy terminates and the occupancy rights are transferred to another resident. The Licences to Occupy do not include any other rights to surplus and do not have a specific maturity date.

The increase in the value of the licensees' interest liability that are attributable to movements in the value of the property are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

k. Employee Benefits

Provision is made for all employee benefits accumulated in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave.

Liabilities for employee benefits which are expected to be paid or settled within 12 months of balance date are measured at their nominal amounts based on remuneration rates which are expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

l. Taxation

The Trust is exempt from income tax under section CW 41(1) of the Income Tax Act 2007 by virtue of it being registered as a charitable entity under the Charities Act 2005.

m. Goods and Services Tax

All transactions are recorded exclusive of GST unless GST cannot be recovered. Cash flows are included in the Cash Flow Statement on a net basis.

n. Impairment

At each reporting date, the Trust reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Trust estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.



Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted at their present value using a pre-tax discount rate which reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in surplus/deficit immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in the prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus/ deficit immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

o. Deferred Revenue

Income received from common facility site donations from residents when they purchase a licence to occupy is treated as revenue in advance and spread over the expected period of the occupancy (Villas: 9 years).

p. Cash Flow Statement

The following are the definitions of the terms used in the Statement of Cash Flows:

Operating activities - These activities include all transactions and other events that are not investing or financing activities.

Investing activities - Those activities relating to the purchase and selling of property, plant and equipment as well as investment properties.

Financing activities - Those activities relating to the changes in capital structure.

Cash is considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits, highly liquid term deposits and overdraft facilities used as part of day-to-day cash management.

q. Maintenance Reserve

This maintenance reserve has been capitalised in Funds and Reserves for future external maintenance of residents' dwellings. The reserve is subject to specific conditions accepted as binding by the Trust. Transfers from this maintenance reserve can only be made for external maintenance on residents' dwellings and maintenance of village infrastructure.

Note 2 – Revenue

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Revenue from exchange transactions		
Resident Fees and Charges		
Parkwood Lodge	7,192,361	6,933,132
Parkwood Village	1,711,164	1,451,565
Retention Fees & Sales Margins	2,784,424	2,674,977
Site Donations	694,015	589,991
External Maintenance Charges	855	645,010
Other	19,134	121,629
	12,401,953	12,416,304
Revenue from non-exchange transactions		
Legacies, Grants and Donations	8,425	43,206
	8,425	43,206
Total Revenue	12,410,378	12,459,510



Note 3 – Other Income

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Other income		
Gain on sale of Plant and Equipment	-	870
Total Other Income	-	870

During the year, the Trust made no asset disposals for a net gain or loss. (2025: \$870 gain on sale of a chipper).

Note 4 – Key Expenses

Surplus for the period has been arrived at after charging the following expenses:

Auditor's Remuneration

Fees paid to auditors for audit of financial report

Employee Costs

Salaries and wages

Employer contributions to KiwiSaver

ACC Levy

Other employee benefits

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Fees paid to auditors for audit of financial report	48,800	65,023
	48,800	65,023
Salaries and wages	7,594,775	7,378,604
Employer contributions to KiwiSaver	215,344	204,650
ACC Levy	89,468	65,613
Other employee benefits	54,648	(20,606)
	7,954,235	7,628,261

Note 5 – Depreciation and Amortisation

Comprises

Depreciation on:

Parkwood Lodge - Buildings

Trust Office

Motor Vehicles

Plant and Equipment

Fixture and Fittings

Computer Equipment

Amortisation on:

Software

Total

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Parkwood Lodge - Buildings	217,200	217,200
Trust Office	17,740	-
Motor Vehicles	24,276	15,170
Plant and Equipment	75,913	65,011
Fixture and Fittings	19,194	17,421
Computer Equipment	15,371	15,553
	369,694	330,355
Software	1,653	1,653
	1,653	1,653
Total	371,347	332,008

Note 6 – Bank Loan Facilities

The Trust has a \$1,000,000 Overdraft Facility with the BNZ (2025: a \$1,000,000 overdraft facility from 18 June 2024).

The Trust had an \$850,000 Project Plus Term Loan Facility with the BNZ (2025: \$850,000 facility from 18 June 2024).

The Trust converted the Project Plus Term Loan to a Business First term Loan on 13 October 2025. The balance of the term loan is \$812,923.47 (2025: \$429,830). The interest rate for the term loan is 5.52% p.a (2025: set monthly by the Bank. The interest rate at 31 January 2025 was 8.55%). The term of the loan is 5 years with the interest rate fixed for 2 years.

The Overdraft and Term Loan are secured with a General Security Agreement over all present and after acquired property of the Trust and a Mortgage of all records of land titles held by the Trust.



Note 7 – Trade and Other Receivables from exchange transactions

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Trade Receivables	251,884	322,005
Other	714,130	694,481
Expected credit losses	-	-
	966,014	1,016,486

There were no bad debts during the year (2025: Nil).

Note 8 – Other Financial Assets

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Share in Farmlands	1,567	1,567
	1,567	1,567

Note 9 – Prepayments

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Prepayments	112,126	97,784
	112,126	97,784

Note 10 – Investment Property

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Balance at beginning of financial year	157,845,845	148,964,607
Additions	5,512,355	3,701,209
(Decrease)/Increase from resale of occupation rights agreements	(74,616)	409,105
Transfers to PPE	-	(189,166)
Fair value movement	3,346,447	4,960,090
Total Investment Property	166,630,031	157,845,845

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Freehold land at fair value	23,270,000	22,810,000
Buildings at fair value	141,545,770	132,593,650
Construction in progress measured at cost	1,814,261	2,442,195
Total Investment Property	166,630,031	157,845,845

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Fair value movement	3,346,447	4,960,090
Fair value movement attributable to Licensee Interest	(932,500)	(2,702,200)
Total Fair value movement	2,413,947	2,257,890

As at 31 January 2026, the valuation of the investment property has been prepared by Kapiti Valuations Ltd of Paraparaumu, an independent valuer, which has extensive experience in undertaking valuations of businesses and assets including retirement villages in the Kapiti area for financial reporting and other purposes.

The valuation is on a discounted cash flow basis whereby the future cash flows expected to be generated by the Trust from such property has been discounted to the valuation date at a discount rate reflecting the risk of the investment. Significant assumptions include:

- Inflation rate of 2% per annum (2025: 2%)
- A capital growth rate of 2% over the rate of inflation. (2025: 2%)
- A discount rate of 14.25% which recognises the risk of this property. (2025: 14.25%)
- The average length of tenure in a licence to occupy a unit is nine years. (2025: 9 years)



- The valuation of investment property was performed on a basis that cash flows would be attributable to the Trust as if it was a for profit organisation which has been determined as the highest and best use of the asset under the following terms:
 - A current retention rate of 25% applies from 1 September 2022.
 - An assumed retention rate of 30% would apply to any agreements signed from January 2026 onwards and is based on the purchase price of the properties.
 - Any capital gain on a property would be received by the Trust as if it was a for profit organisation and not passed on to the licence holder.
- Cashflow was based on future cash flows and projected sales forecasts for the next 20 years.
- The discounted cash flow is based on market evidence.

Development land has been valued using a residual development approach. Under this method, the fair value of land is determined by reference to the estimated value of the completed development less the costs required to complete the development, including construction costs, professional fees, financing costs, and an appropriate developer's margin. Key assumptions include expected selling prices, development costs, timing of cash flows, and required rates of return.

The valuation of investment properties by Kapiti Valuations Ltd is grossed up for refundable licence to occupy agreements, license retention due and revenue received in advance which are recognised separately in the Statement of Financial Position. Reconciliation between the Kapiti Valuations Ltd valuation amount and the amount recognised on the balance sheet as investment property is as follows:

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Independent valuation of investment property made up of:		
Trust's interest in Investment Property	42,100,883	39,212,654
Plus: Refundable licence to occupy agreements	133,693,000	126,871,000
Less: Licence Retention Due (Contractual)	(21,335,980)	(20,219,765)
Plus: Revenue received in advance - Site Donations	2,962,485	2,746,500
Plus: Revenue received in advance - Retentions	7,395,382	6,793,261
	164,815,770	155,403,650
Construction in progress measured at cost	1,814,261	2,442,195
Total Investment Property	166,630,031	157,845,845

All investment properties are subject to licences to occupy agreements except the Trust's social centres, pavilion, and implement shed and retirement village villas for which there is no licence to occupy in place.

Construction in Progress for Investment property includes construction in progress of \$1,814,261 (2025: \$2,442,197), which has been valued at cost. The Trust has determined that for construction in progress, cost represents fair value. No independent valuation of investment property construction in progress is obtained.



Note 11 – Property, Plant and Equipment

	Freehold land at fair value - Parkwood Lodge	Buildings at fair value - Parkwood Lodge	Freehold land at fair value - Trust Office	Buildings at cost - Trust Office	Construction in Progress	Motor vehicles at cost	Plant and equipment at cost	Fixture and fittings at cost	Computer equipment at cost	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gross carrying amount										
Balance at 31 January 2024	1,550,000	12,325,000	-	-	31,948	464,850	2,084,417	486,699	189,122	17,132,036
Additions	-	433,155	-	847,830	-	16,957	133,623	40,520	15,355	1,487,440
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	-	(217,200)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(217,200)
Transfer from Construction in Progress	-	31,948	-	-	(31,948)	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Investment Property	-	-	150,000	39,166	-	-	-	-	-	189,166
Revaluation	(50,000)	94,097	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,097
Balance at 31 January 2025	1,500,000	12,667,000	150,000	886,996	-	481,807	2,218,040	527,219	204,477	18,635,539
Additions	-	523,163	-	25,192	-	47,846	143,447	126,508	13,700	879,856
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	-	(217,200)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(217,200)
Transfer from Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Investment Property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation	(100,000)	63,666	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(36,334)
Balance at 31 January 2026	1,400,000	13,036,629	150,000	912,188	-	529,653	2,361,487	653,727	218,177	19,261,861
Accumulated depreciation and impairment										
Balance at 31 January 2024	-	-	-	-	-	423,015	1,697,466	465,336	138,696	2,724,513
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net adjustments from revaluation decrements	-	(217,200)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(217,200)
Depreciation expense for the year	-	217,200	-	-	-	15,170	65,011	17,421	15,553	330,355
Balance at 31 January 2025	-	-	-	-	-	438,185	1,762,477	482,757	154,249	2,837,668
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net adjustments from revaluation decrements	-	(217,200)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(217,200)
Depreciation expense for the year	-	217,200	-	17,740	-	24,276	75,913	19,194	15,371	369,694
Balance at 31 January 2026	-	-	-	17,740	-	462,461	1,838,390	501,951	169,620	2,990,162
Net Book Value										
As at 31 January 2024	1,550,000	12,325,000	-	-	31,948	41,835	386,951	21,363	50,426	14,407,523
As at 31 January 2025	1,500,000	12,667,000	150,000	886,996	-	43,622	455,563	44,462	50,228	15,797,871
As at 31 January 2026	1,400,000	13,036,629	150,000	894,448	-	67,192	523,097	151,776	48,557	16,271,699

As at 31 January 2026, the valuation of freehold land and Parkwood Lodge has been prepared by Kapiti Valuations Ltd of Paraparaumu, an independent registered valuer, which has extensive experience in undertaking valuations of businesses and assets for financial reporting and other purposes. Parkwood Lodge (Land and Buildings) and the Trust Office land has been valued at fair value using the market value method and considering recent activity in the market. The total fair value of property, plant and equipment valued by the valuer is \$14,586,629 and consists of Parkwood Lodge land and buildings of \$14,436,629 and Trust Office land of \$150,000.

Licence to occupy agreements confer the right of occupancy of the apartments in Parkwood Lodge. The licensees' share of the increases in the values of the apartments in Parkwood Lodge have been disclosed in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. Restrictions on property, plant and equipment arise to the extent that the Trust must meet the requirements under the Retirement Villages Act 2003, which involve consulting with the Statutory Supervisor.

Note 12 – Intangibles

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Software		
Opening Cost	108,329	108,329
Additions	9,376	-
Total Cost	117,705	108,329
Opening Accumulated Amortisation	104,473	102,820
Amortisation for the year	1,653	1,653
Closing Accumulated Amortisation	106,126	104,473
Net Book Value	11,579	3,856



Note 13 – Trade and Other Payables

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Trade Creditors	333,350	308,454
Other Payables	737,116	1,172,234
GST Payable	45,554	42,545
	1,116,020	1,523,233

The Trust has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the credit timeframe.

Note 14 – Licensees' Interest Liability

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Opening balance	138,029,500	132,200,000
Trust's sale/(purchase) of licence to occupy of property, plant and equipment	(427,000)	180,000
Unrealised increase/(decrease) in value of property, plant and equipment	126,115	221,500
Trust's sale/(purchase) of licence to occupy of investment property	864,000	(1,003,000)
Incremental increase from resale of occupation rights agreements	5,135,500	3,728,800
Unrealised increase/(decrease) in value of investment properties	932,500	2,702,200
	144,660,615	138,029,500
The licensees' interest liability comprise:		
Licensees' interest in Property, plant and equipment	10,967,615	11,158,500
Licensees' interest in Investment Property	133,693,000	126,871,000
	144,660,615	138,029,500
Less License Retentions Due	(21,335,980)	(20,219,765)
Net Licensees' interest liability	123,324,635	117,809,735

The value of the Licensees' Interest Liability has been shown net of licence retention fees due to reflect the fact that at the end of the occupancy, the net amount will be paid to the resident.

Note 15 – Current Provisions

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Employee benefits		
Holiday pay accrual	640,601	585,954
	640,601	585,954



Note 16 – Reserves

Accumulated Funds

Accumulated funds equals retained earnings less amounts in respect of maintenance kept in a separate reserve. These funds are held and reinvested for charitable purposes which will benefit the aged community in Waikanae, New Zealand.

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Property Revaluation Reserve		
Opening balance	3,690,323	3,867,726
Revaluation (decrease)/increase	(162,449)	(177,403)
Closing balance	3,527,874	3,690,323
Maintenance Reserve		
Opening balance	266,139	188,841
Trust contribution (from accumulated funds)	-	-
Maintenance contribution	936	647,010
Maintenance costs	(267,075)	(569,712)
Closing balance	-	266,139

This maintenance reserve has been capitalised in Funds and Reserves for future external maintenance of residents' dwellings. The reserve is subject to specific conditions accepted as binding by the Trust. Transfers from this maintenance reserve can only be made for external maintenance on residents' dwellings and maintenance of village infrastructure. Residents are charged an external maintenance fee. The surplus/(deficit) for the year is transferred to the maintenance reserve. From the 1st of February 2025, the Trust ceased charging residents an external maintenance fee. The Maintenance reserve will be closed once maintenance reserves have been exhausted and the Trust will be responsible for funding future external maintenance of residents' dwellings from its accumulated funds.

Note 17 – Related Party Transactions

Remuneration of key management personnel

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Short-term employee benefits	1,062,652	1,016,380
Employer contributions to KiwiSaver	30,859	30,853
	1,093,511	1,047,233

The key management personnel compensation disclosed for the 2026 year represents 7 full-time equivalents. The 2025 compensation represents 8 full-time equivalents from February 2024 to June 2024, reducing to 7 full-time equivalents from July 2024 to January 2025.

Note 18 – Capital Commitments

At balance date the Trust has contractual capital commitments totalling \$780,076 (2025: \$568,865) relating to obligations to construct investment property.

Note 19 – Financial Instruments

a. Capital risk management

The management of the Trust manages its capital to ensure that the entity will be able to continue as a going concern. The capital structure of the Trust consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity comprising accumulated funds, maintenance reserve and revaluation reserves.

b. Significant accounting policies

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset and financial liability are disclosed in the Statement of Accounting Policies.



c. Categories of financial instruments

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost \$	Financial assets at amortised costs \$	Financial Assets designated at fair value through Profit and Loss \$	Total \$
31 January 2026				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	734,903	-	734,903
Trade and other receivables	-	966,014	-	966,014
Other financial assets	-	-	1,567	1,567
Total financial assets	-	1,700,917	1,567	1,702,484
Total non financial assets	-	-	-	183,025,433
Total assets	-	1,700,917	1,567	184,727,917
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Term Loan	812,923	-	-	812,923
Trade and other payables	1,070,466	-	-	1,070,466
Other financial liabilities	640,601	-	-	640,601
Licensee interest liabilities	123,324,635	-	-	123,324,635
Total financial liabilities	125,848,625	-	-	125,848,625
Total non financial liabilities	-	-	-	10,403,421
Total liabilities	125,848,625	-	-	136,252,046

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost \$	Financial assets at amortised costs \$	Financial Assets designated at fair value through Profit and Loss \$	Total \$
31 January 2025				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	583,845	-	583,845
Trade and other receivables	-	1,016,486	-	1,016,486
Other financial assets	-	-	1,567	1,567
Total financial assets	-	1,600,331	1,567	1,601,898
Total non financial assets	-	-	-	173,745,354
Total assets	-	1,600,331	1,567	175,347,252
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Term Loan	429,830	-	-	429,830
Trade and other payables	1,480,688	-	-	1,480,688
Other financial liabilities	585,954	-	-	585,954
Licensee interest liabilities	117,809,735	-	-	117,809,735
Total financial liabilities	120,306,207	-	-	120,306,207
Total non financial liabilities	-	-	-	9,582,307
Total liabilities	120,306,207	-	-	129,888,514

d. Financial risk management objectives

The Trust does not enter into derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

e. Foreign currency risk management

The Trust has not undertaken any transactions denominated in foreign currencies (2025:Nil).

f. Interest rate risk management

Interest is received on cash balances, the Trust has no cash balances on term deposit.



The Trust's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

g. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Trust. The Trust has adopted a policy of only dealing with credit worthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Trust's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the Trust.

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, most of which are resident in the village. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of trade receivables.

The Trust does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparty is a bank with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

There is no significant credit risk on Trade receivables and Licence retentions because the Trust can recover these fully on settlement of the Licence to Occupy.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowances for expected credit losses, represents the Trust's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained.

h. Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of trustees, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Trust's short, medium and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Trust manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Liquidity and interest risk tables

The following tables detail the Trust's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Trust can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. The adjustment column represents the estimated possible future cash flows attributable to the instrument included in the maturity analysis which are not included in the carrying amount of the financial liability on the Statement of Financial Position.



Contractual	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Contractual maturity periods				Adjustment \$	Carrying Value \$
		Less than 1 month \$	1-3 months \$	3 months to 1 year \$	1-5 years \$		
2026							
Non-interest bearing	0.00%	123,324,635	-	-	-	-	123,324,635
Variable interest rate instruments	5.52%	812,923	-	-	-	-	812,923
Trade, other payables and provisions	0.00%	1,756,622	-	-	-	-	1,756,622
		125,894,180	-	-	-	-	125,894,180
2025							
Non-interest bearing	0.00%	117,809,735	-	-	-	-	117,809,735
Variable interest rate instruments	8.55%	429,830	-	-	-	-	429,830
Trade, other payables and provisions	0.00%	2,109,187	-	-	-	-	2,109,187
		120,348,752	-	-	-	-	120,348,752

The table above details the contractual maturity periods which indicate that the licensees' interest liability is payable on demand. The liability is payable on demand because the Trust has no legal right to defer payment if a sale is achieved. The licensees' interest liability is presented as a current liability on the Statement of Financial Position as this is in line with the contractual obligations of the instrument, however it is expected that the portion to be realised within 12 months to be \$13,702,737.25 (2025: \$13,089,970.52) and greater than 12 months to be \$109,621,898.00 (2025: \$104,719,764.19). The Trust also has a bank overdraft facility with an interest rate of 8.16%. No amounts are drawn from this facility at year-end (2025: Nil).

i. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

The trustees consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities, except for the licensees' interest liability, at amortised cost in the financial statements approximates their fair values.

The fair value of the licensees' interest liability is considered to be \$64,298,542.21 (2025: \$62,739,979) as calculated on a discounted cash flow basis. The carrying amount of the licensees' interest liability is reflected in Note 14.

Note 20 – Contingencies

There are no known significant contingent liabilities in existence at balance date (2025: Nil).

Note 21 – Subsequent Events

There have been no events subsequent to balance date requiring adjustment to these financial statements.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Parkwood Lodge
Income Statement
For the year ended 31 January 2026

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Apartment Fees	2,565,769	2,529,534
Nursing Care Studio Fees	4,413,598	4,175,334
Casual Fees	58,043	18,491
Casual Meals	780	1,735
Extra Care	-	-
Other Income	154,170	208,037
Total Income	7,192,360	6,933,131
Administration	348,153	322,406
Domestic	335,297	275,818
Gardeners	11,286	12,723
Home Assistants	2,601,065	2,456,582
Kitchen	773,724	773,911
Laundry	70,601	95,077
Maintenance	95,174	93,176
Nurses	1,904,602	1,916,873
Casual Staff	-	-
ACC Levy	69,885	51,028
Staff Training	15,163	8,448
Staff Recruitment	249	349
Staff Uniforms	3,470	9,879
Total Staff Costs	6,228,669	6,016,270
Total Food Costs	409,838	407,374
Certification Costs	5,000	4,914
Cleaning	105,435	99,576
Depreciation	268,611	265,998
Gas Heating	92,523	91,231
General Expenses	86,774	58,364
Insurance	222,876	215,295
Medical	214,640	190,047
Motor Vehicle Expenses	5,318	2,271
Power & Light	62,426	60,534
Printing and Stationery	11,092	7,433
Rates	63,763	72,887
Repairs & Maintenance	155,698	138,527
Telephone and Tolls	3,484	3,539
Total Operating Costs	1,297,640	1,210,616
Total Expenses	7,936,147	7,634,260
Surplus/(Deficit) for the Year	(743,787)	(701,129)



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Residents' Maintenance Account
Income Statement
For the year ended 31 January 2026

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Parklands & Woodlands Maintenance Charges	1,570,856	1,333,003
Sundry Income	140,308	118,562
Profit/Loss on Sale of Assets	-	870
Total Income	1,711,164	1,452,435
Administration and Office Expenses		
ACC Levy	10,419	8,337
Depreciation	48,365	39,703
General Expenses	13,845	10,733
Motor Vehicle Expenses	58,660	49,323
Power & Light	52,540	52,934
Printing & Stationery	1,390	2,352
Staff Training	790	765
Telephone & Tolls	4,728	4,246
Travelling Expenses	429	522
Wages - Administration	33,359	33,595
Wages - Village Care	345,264	324,644
Total Administration and Office Expenses	569,789	527,154
Grounds		
Rates	652,103	549,300
Repairs & Maintenance - Equipment	24,419	21,988
Repairs & Maintenance - Grounds & Roading	82,238	62,249
Salaries and Wages	395,030	399,360
Total Grounds	1,153,790	1,032,897
Social Centre		
Insurance	115,606	101,417
Repairs & Maintenance - Buildings	24,681	18,144
Village Food / Catering / Café expenses	34,634	26,695
Wages - Village Food / Catering / Café	114,530	109,893
Security	12,783	11,036
Wages	29,521	13,485
Total Social Centre	331,755	280,670
Total Expenses	2,055,334	1,840,721
Surplus/(Deficit) for the Year	(344,170)	(388,286)

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Parkwood Trust Incorporated

Opinion

We have audited the performance report of Parkwood Trust Incorporated (the 'Trust'), which comprises the financial statements on pages 3 to 20, and the service performance information on pages 1 to 2. The complete set of financial statements comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 January 2026, and the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, the statement of changes in net assets/equity, and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying performance report presents fairly, in all material respects:

- the financial position of the Trust as at 31 January 2026, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the service performance for the year ended 31 January 2026 in that the service performance information is appropriate and meaningful and in accordance with the Trust's measurement bases or evaluation methods

in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime ('PBE Standards RDR') issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) ('ISAs (NZ)'), and the audit of the service performance information in accordance with the ISAs (NZ) and New Zealand Auditing Standard NZ AS 1 (Revised) *The Audit of Service Performance Information* ('NZ AS 1'). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the performance report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Trust in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards)* (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditor, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Trust.

Other information

The Board of Trustees are responsible on behalf of the Trust for the other information. The other information comprises the information on pages 21 to 22 that accompanies the performance report and the audit report.

Our opinion on the performance report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether it is materially inconsistent with the performance report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If so, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Board of Trustees' responsibilities for the performance report

The Board of Trustees are responsible on behalf of the Trust for:

- the preparation and fair presentation of the performance report in accordance with PBE Standards RDR;
- the selection of elements/aspects of service performance, performance measures and/or descriptions and measurement bases or evaluation methods that present service performance information that is appropriate and meaningful in accordance with PBE Standards RDR;
- the preparation and fair presentation of service performance information in accordance with the Trust's measurement bases or evaluation methods, in accordance with PBE Standards RDR;

- the overall presentation, structure and content of the service performance information in accordance with PBE Standards RDR; and
- such internal control as the Board of Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a performance report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the performance report, the Board of Trustees are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Trustees either intend to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the performance report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the performance report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (NZ) and NZ AS 1 will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users taken on the basis of this performance report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the performance report is located on the External Reporting Board's website at:

<https://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards/assurance-standards/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-14-1/>

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Restriction on use

This report is made solely to the Board of Trustees, as a body, in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Constitution and Rules. Our audit has been undertaken so that we might state to the Board of Trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Board of Trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Deloitte Limited

Wellington, New Zealand
3 June 2026